VOL. XIII, NO. 99.

WICHITA, KANSAS, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1890.

WHOLE NO. 1976.

REPUBLICANS PASS THE TARIFF BILL.

A Conference Committee of Seven Appointed to Adjust thes. Differences.

The Raum Committee Holds that the Value of Refrigerator Stock Cuts No Figure.

Mr. Cooper Placed on the Defensive by Judge Wilson-The House Unable to Keep a Quorum in Sight -Capital Gossip.

Washington, Sept. 10. — Mr. Morgan offered a resolution which went over till tomorrow, calling on the secretary of the tomorrow, calling on the secretary of the interior for a statement concerning the land claims of the Northern Pacific Railroad company. He also offered a resolution embodying instructions to the senate conferees on the land forfeiture bill relative to the isads of the Northern Pacific Railroad company and other companies. Laid on the table for future action.

The tariff bill was then taken up, the questions being on the passage—six hours being allowed to close the discussion after which the vote is to be taken.

After speeches by Messus, Hiscock, Turpie, Gibson, Vest, Vance and Jones of Nevada, the vote was taken and Jones of Nevada, the vote was taken and speeches of Nevada, the vote was taken and speeches of Nevada, the vote was taken and speeches.

Nevada, the vote was taken and the bill was passed—yeas 40, nays 29—as follows: Yeas—Aldrich, Allen, Allison, Blair, Cameron, Casey, Chandler, Cullom, Davis, Daves, Dixon, Evarts, Frye, Hawley, Higgins, Hiscock, Hoar, Ingalls, Jones of Nevada, McMillan, Manderson, Mitchell, Möody, Paddock, Pierce, Platt, Plumb, Power, Quay, Sanders, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Squire, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, Washburn, Wilson of Iowa and Wolcott—40.

Wolcott—40.

Nays—Barbour, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blodgeta, Batler, Carlisle, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Faulkner, Gorman, Grsy, Harris, Hearst, Jones of Arkansas, Kenna, Morgan, Pasco, Pugh, Ransom, Reagan, Turpie, Vance, Vest, Voorhees, Walthall, Wilson of Maryland—29.

The following pairs were announced, the the first named in each couple being in favor of the bill: Messrs, Dolph and Brown, Edmunds and George, Farwell and Payne, Hale and McPherson, Morrill and Hampton, Stanford and Gibson, Pettigrew and Call.

Mr. Aldrich moved that the senate insist on its amendments to the house bill

Washington, Sept. 10.—A magnificent foral design adorned Speaker Reed's desk this morning. It was composed of roses and smilax bordering a large shield of white immortelles, on which was in "Business." Surmounting the whole is an immense gavel of white immortelles, Indicative of the power with which the speaker has wielded that emblem of an thority. It is the self of the

red bearing in his arms the emblem of

Pro Tem Burrows and prayer was offered by the chaplain, after which Mr. O'Ferrall, of Virginia, raised the point that there was no quorum present. The speaker The returns pro tem being unable to count a quorum Mr. Haugen, of Wisconsin, moved a call for at the star.

In tailed to disclose a quorum.

Mr. Haugen offered a resolution for the arrest of absentees, pending which Mr. O'Ferrall moved an adjournment.

The motion was lost—yeas 50, nays 92—the speaker pro tem announcing, however, that he was advised there were 172 members present.

hers present.

Mr. Haugen thereupon moved to dis-pense with further proceedings under the pense with further proceedfirs under the call. This was agreed to-yeas 12l, nays 15. The speaker then directed the clerk to read the journal of yesterday's proceed-

to the attendance of absentees. This was

Mr. Haugen also offered a resolution revoking all the leaves of absence, excepting
those granted on account of iliness.
Mr. Flower, of New York, raised the
point of order that this was not in order
and the speaker pro tem overruled the
point. Mr. O'Ferrall took an appeal and
the decision of the chair was sustainedyeas 104, nays 16—but no quorum had
voted and not being in sight the bonse
without approxime the inversal adjunction

The Refrigerator Stock Has Nothing to Do With the Case.

Washington, Sept. 10.—In the Raum investigation today Chairman Morrill proceeded to pass upon the question raised as to the relevancy of the testimony offered resterday by Mr. Cooper relating to the character of the refrigerator company's stock and ruled it out. By a party vote the chairman's relieue was sustained.

the chairman's ruling was sustained.

Assistant Chief Bryant, of the pension office, testified that the complete cases order had expedited the settlement of some claims and retarded others. He knew of no cause of preference being shown any settlement attentions. refrigerator stock except what he saw in the papers. To Commissioner Raum wit-ness said that while there had been a larger output of claims under the new order than before there had been greater haste in the preparation of cases and much rivalry between clerks. He did not say that the work was improp-erly done, but had called attention to the fact that some examiners were disposing of claims in less time than they could be properly considered. The commissioner loit. Be wished to know whether witness tried to put a stop to it; if it was not part of his iam McBriar, Torrance.

responsibility, as assistant chief, to do so. Witness replied that he had not thought of putting a stop to it.
Judge Wilson said that it had been stated that Mr. Cooper had signed a large number of blank calls upon the pension office for a firm of pension attorneys, and he would like to have Mr. Cooper make a statement about it. statement about it.

would like to have Mr. Cooper make a statement about it.

Mr. Cooper curtly replied that he knew from the time the gentleman (Judge Wilson) inserted himself into the case that that matter was on his mind.

Judge Wilson insisted that it had a bearing upon the case and Mr. Cooper proceeded to make a statement. He said that he had authorized his clerk to sign a large number of calls for a pension firm in his district; understanding that it had been the custom, witness did this. Perhaps there were 1,500 or 2,000 calls signed with his name. When he came to Washington he had spoken to Chief Durham in the pension office about it, and he doubted whether it was fair to call up cases in that way, but that he must act for his constituents. Durham told him to sign the slips (they were attorneys' slips, respectfully reents. Durham told him to sign the slips (they were attorneys' slips, respectfully referred) and he would do what he could with them. Mr. Cooper did not think the slips were equivalent to a congressional call. The attorneys he signed for had been neglected; he was told that Mr. Lemon at that time had practically the control of the pension office. Witness felt then and now that if he could do anything to help the people he ought to do it. He felt that they had not a fuir chance with the attorneys in Washington, and that was what they had not a fair chance with the attorneys in Washington, and that was what he was trying to do now—get a fair chance. At this point Mr. Cooper thought it was proper that the committee should pass upon his resolution, referred to it to extend the scope of the investigation.

No decision was made and the committee adjourned. tee adjourned.

NO GOOD REPORTS.

The Injury to Crops Extends Over the Whole Country.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.-The national propreports for September show that the injury to the corn crop reported last month was intensified by continuance of frouth in August until the rains came to

drouth in August until the rains came to its relief, but too late for full recovery. The average is 70.1 against 73.5 last month. It is the lowest average since 1881.

The returns of condition of winter wheat at the time of harvesting are less favorable than those of July. So far as the investigation has progressed, the results are generally disappointing. The July average was 70.2, the present average 73.5.

The general average of spring wheat has The general average of spring wheat has also been reduced from 80.2 to 79.8. The average for wheat of both kinds is 75.5. In 1888 the September average for both wheats was 77. It was 78 in 1881. The

wheats was 77. It was 78 in 1881. The yield of spring wheat is unusually variable in the Dakotas, ranging from high yields to five bushels and less per acre. The progress of the harvest will develop the extent of these differences.

On the coast from New Jersey to Maryland and in North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky, Arkansas and Missouri and as also in northern New England and Florida, there is immovement in corn since Mr. Aldrich moved that the senate insist on its amendments to the house bill and ask for a committee of conference, the conference to consist of seven on each side. The motion was agreed to and Messrs. Addrich, Sherman, Allison, Hiscock, McPherson, Vance and Carlisle were appointed conferes on the part of the senate. The senate then adjourned.

Kentucky, Arkansas and Missouri and as iso in northern New England and Florida, there is improvement in corn since August 1. In Micaigan, Wisconsin and Indiana, and in Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana and Texas it is unchanged. A decline has occurred in New York, Ohio, Illinois and an the northwestern states, and in some others of less importance. The crop is late The senate then adjourned.

The senate then orthwestern states, and in some others of less importance. The crop is late in the eastern states, requiring maturing weather throughout September. It is also late and variable in development in New York and Pennsylvania.

The Atlantic coast states return relatively high condition, impaired locally by the effects of midsummer drought and later storms. In Tennessee and Mississippi, Arkansas and Tennessee and Mississippi, Arkansas and Tennessee and Mississippi, arkansas and the 3th of June to the middle of August, reduced the condition too low for subsequent recovery, as the crop was maturing or ripe before rains came. The Ohio valley and the Missouri valley report protracted drought and low condition.

White immortelles, on which was in series the word white immortelles the word "Business." Surmounting the whole is an immease gavel of white immortelles.

White the northwestern states, and in some others of less importance. The crop is late in the eastern states, and in the northwestern states, and in the states, and in the northwestern states, and in the states, and in

Business." Surmounting the whole is in immense gavel of white immortelles. While the rains of the last two weeks of an indicative of the power with which the peaker has wielded that emblem of an hority. It is the gift of the enrolling lerks of the house. In the house area bearing in his arms the emblem of crop, while the drier unlands were beyond peared bearing in his arms the emblem of the state of Maine—a pine tree planted in a bed of maidenhair fern and surmounted by a small silk American flag, and placed it on the desk.

The bouse was called to order by Speaker Pro Tem Burrows and prayer was offered by the chaplain, after which Mr. O'Fer-yell of Viceius raised the point that of 42 decrees. crop, while the drier uplands were The returns of the condition of winter

The returns of the condition of winter wheat at the time of harvesting are less favorable than those of the 1st of July. So far as the spring has progressed the results are generally disappointing. The July average was 76.2, the present average 78.5. The general average of spring wheat has also been reduced from 83 to 79.8. The average of both kinds is 75.5. In 1888 the report averages for April was 77. It was 76 in 1881. The yield of spring wheat is usually variable in the Dakotas, ranging from high yield to five bushel and less per acre. The progress of the threshing will develop the extent of these differing will develop the extent of these differ

Rye yields less than was expected as the oudition as reported is reduced to 85.4. The September condition of oats is the condition as reported is reduced to 85.4. The September condition of cats is the lowest ever reported, having fallen from 70.1 in August to 64.4. The rate of yield with the last vote no quorum had voted (no quorum being necessary) there had been more than a quorum present and he again directed the clerk to read the journal, which the clerk proceeded to do, despite the protests of Mr. Breek inridge, of Kentucky, and Mr. O'Ferrall, the latter of whom declared that he wanted to give notice that he meant business in this case.

Mr. O'Ferrall demanded the reading in the unabridged form.

The journal laving been read, Mr. Payson, of Illinois, moved its approval and upon this motion moved the previous question. On ordering the previous question, on quorum voted. A call was ordered, but no quorum made its appearance.

Mr. Haugen offered a resolution looking to the attendance of alse-ntees. This was agreed to.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Speaker Reed reached Washington this morning and ap-peared at the capitol about 11 o'clock. He went at once to his room, where he re-mained, seeing no one. It was expected that he would take his seat in the chair at and Speaker Pro Tem. Burrows called the

house to order.

On his way to the capitol the speaker was warmly greeted by both Republicans and Democrats and received congratulations on all hands. Later in the day be tions on all hands. Later in the day he held a sort of impromptu reception in the house committee room, many members calling on him. His reason for not immediately taking the chair was because he thought it proper that Mr. Burrows should himself announce the fact that he (Mr. Burrows) had signed a number of bills which had passed the house.

At a collect the speaker, gave a large to

At 2 o'clock the speaker gave a lunch to about twenty members of the house, in-duding the chairmen of the leading committees and those who took part in the Maine campaign. He sat at the head of the table evidently in the best of humor with himself and at least so much of man-kind as was assembled about him.

PENSIONS FOR KANSANS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The following pensions were issued to Kansans: Original —James B. Hawley, Troy; Albert Bright, Ruble; Morris Smith, Peck; Charles Graves Larned; Joseph H. Rudrew, Osakloosa, Increase—Charles D. Dudrew, Fredonia; John L. Green, Yates Center, William Evans, Plumb; Charles Humphrey, Jewell; James J. Thompson, National Military home, Gilman D. Smith, Altoona: David Nation, Holton; Myron Lathrop, Miltonvale (special act); William H. Hays, Toronto; Lewis R. West, Dighton: Erastus Hawkins, Fort Scott; Lewis Striker, Be-Hawkins, Fort Scott; Lewis Striker, Be-

MORE IMPORTANT.

OTHER QUESTIONS RANK ABOVE THAT OF CAPITAL.

Educational and Relief Bills the Most Imperative Demands at Present.

The Five Thousand Dollar Aid Bill Defeated in the Council by a Party Vote.

Joint Rules Adopted by the House and the Question of Watchman Discussed -The Council Does Little Business-Mr. McCartney Interviewed - Notes and Personals.

Special Dispatch to the Dully Engle.
GUTHRIE, Ok., Sept. 10.—The imperative demands of Oklahoma, among which are the school bill and the bill for the distribution of aid, have at last brought the legis: lators to an appreciation of the fact that there were other things more necessary than locating the capital. The city and legislative halls have been flooded with people asking for aid.
Yesterday the lawmakers addressed

themselves to formulating and passing the needed relief bills. There was no differnce of opinion as to whether the bill should be passed except in a few minor

The bill known as house bill 21, which bassed both houses yesterday, provides that the secretary of the territory be the custodian of the relief fund. Guthrie, Kingfisher, Oklahoma City, Edmunds, Norman, Frisco, Hennessey, Stillwater and Perkins are to be the distributing points. There will be a committee of three for each place, appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the council. A heavy penalty is placed on the embezzlement of the funds.

By the provisions of the bill some ten days must elapse before the distribution

House bill 18 providing for \$5,000 being placed at the disposal of the governor for mediate use, passed the house but stuck in the council. The vote on it in the council was the old party vote of 7 to 6. Brown, of Oklahoma, seemed to think that the bill established a bad precedent. but if the truth was known it was looked upon as a party measure. The debate in the council was acrimonious. Messrs. McCartney, of Kingfisher, and Brown of Oklahoma, spoke strongly on the subject. JOINT BULES AND WATCHMAN.

In the house at the morning session twenty were present. The minutes were read, corrected and approved.

The council considered house bill No. 21 and passed the same, and requested a conference committee on joint resolution No. 8. The chair ordered house bill No. 21 enrolled. Joint resolution No. 8 was amended by the council, regarding seed wheat,

Mr. Terrill - The council amendment was indefinitely postponed and its consideration is now out of order. The chair so The committee on joint rules made its

report. Mr. Trosper asked what had become of The chair stated that it was in the hands of the ways and means committee Mr. Campbell-I do not think a bare ma-

ority should suspend the rules Mr. Daniels-I do not so understand it. The minority object to the bare majority being sufficient for the passage of the bill. The majority insist upon this. (The house stands 14 to 12 and council 7 to 6 on strict party vote.) The joint rules were adopted. The special committee to investigate the was received and the committee discharged.

watchman reported favorably. The report sit by Mr. Merten and keep him awake. Mr. Merten asked if there was a minority

Mr. Wimberly-No. Mr. Campbell-What are the duttes of he watchman? Mr. Terrill-It is his duty to watch the

operty of the hall. Mr. Daniels objected to an officer of the ouse delegating his duties.

Mr. Post read letters from the secretary of the territory which state that when the building was rented of Mr. McKennan is was with the understanding that he should have the position of walchman, and he urged upon the legislature that he be ap-

Adair-If the gentleman from Canadian wished another watchman why did he not vote for him? We have nothing to do with the compensation. We are wasting

Mr. Trosper—I should have been opposed to electing him had it not been for the pre-vious arrangement with the secretary of Mr. Wimberly-I do not wish to unseat

he watchman, but I insist that he should

erform the duties.
Mr. Curran did not vote for him, consequently he had no regrets.
Mr. Mathews—The reason of my voting or him was on account of the contract

with the secretary.

Mr. Terrill rose to a question of privi-ege. He opposed the election of the gen-leman but voted for him on account of the secretary. He thought that the secretary was presumptious.

Mr. Merten-Has the secretary ever asked you to support him?

Terrill-Ido not wish any reflections

ast upon me.

Mr. Campbell—I think the officers of the souse were presumably elected with a ref-rence to their ability to perform the du-ies of their offices. The duty of the

ties of their olifors. The ditty of the watchman is to watch the records, and he is not doing his duty.

The report of the committee was received and the committee discharged.

Bill 22, An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the territory of Oklahoma, was read.

The features of the bill are: All who have been engaged in the practice of phar-macy for three montas preceding the pass age of the bill are exempted from examin-ation. He must be 21 years old, or a graduation the interest of park oid, or a grading gite in pharmacy. Assistants must be 18 years old and have had two years experi-ence. The board of pharmacy shall be ap-pointed by the governor, who shall serve one, two and three years respectively. The board meets sixty days after the possage of this act and ouce a year thereafter. The compensation is \$5 per day and expenses. The expenses of examination and registra-

ion is \$5.

Mr. Clark—The bill is a monopoly. I nove the bill be laid on the table.

Mr. Long—If there is any—
Mr. Merten says the order to lay on the

able is out of order. Mr. Clark moves it be rejected.
Mr. Long continues—in justice to the county.
Hon. Dick Blue of citizens of this perritory we must make a upon the legislature

law to protect us against ignorance. This is a matter of life and death in many

ases. Mr. Waggoner finds several objections Mr. Peery opposed the bill.
Mr. Adair—We must have a suitable
bill; if this is not the one we must amend

Mr. Daniels-We should refer it to a committee.

Mr. Peery—We need some legislation on this subject. When an incompetent man is permitted to put up prescriptions the community is endangered. I know no more about medicine than a hog does about a holiday, but common sense de-

mands legislation.

Mr. Clark—Read the medicine statutes.
Mr. Long—It seems to me we do not understand ourselves. No one seems to know who is entitled to the floor. This bill

Practically Complete Returns from Maine

hould go through.

Bill No. 22 is read by title.

Mr. Long—Have we a committee to whom to commit it?

Mr. Campbell—Yes, the committee on

Mr. Campbell—Yes, the content of the penitentiary.

Mr. Waggoner moved to refer it to the committee on stock raising.

Mr. Colson—We have a proper committee. This bill should be referred to the committee on the liquor traffic.

M. Long—Not the proper committee.

Mr. Wimberly moved a special committee be appointed. Carried.

Mr. Neal calls for regular order and the house adjourns.

PETITIONS IN THE COUNCIL. The council was called to order promptly at 9 o'clock. Roll call found all members in their seats except Messrs. Brown of Lo-gan, McCartney. Horrider and Linn. Prayer was offered by the chaplain; the

surnal of the last meeting was read and approved.

Mr. Bixler, on behalf of some of the citizens of the south part of the territory, introduced a petition relating to school

ands.

Mr. Gardenhire introduced a petition
from the citizens of Payne county asking
that their fellow citizen and school teacher be supported for county superintendent of instruction Mr. Brown, of Logan, introduced a peti-tion from five citizens of Payne county, praying that the capital be not removed

om Guthrie. from Guthrie.

These petitions were referred to the appropriate committees.

The committee on engrossed and enrolled bills reported that they had examined council bill No. 1 and had found it cornell

rectly engrossed.
Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, introduced a Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, introduced a resolution providing for the appointment of a conference committee, six from the house and three from the council, to examine the codes of several of the different states to determine which should be adopted as a basis of action.

Mr. Foster moved to call the house and that the acceptant at arms be sent after.

that the sergeant-at-arms be sent after absentees, members not on committees. Mr. Brown then offered a substitute for

A vote being taken on the acceptation of the substitute it resulted in no quorum voting. Another vote was then taken, which resulted in the acceptance of the A vote was then taken on the adoption Mr. McCartney moved that when the council adjourned it adjourn until 2 o'clock

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, moved to substitute "9" in the place of "2."

A vote was taken on the amendment and

A vote was then taken on the original otion which was carried ME. M'CARTNEY ON THE ISSUES. In an interview with Hon. W. A. Mc-Cartney, member of the council from Kingfisher county, the reporter asked: "Do you think the capital question is likely to be raised at the end of the week?",

I think it is "Do you think the coalition will remain 'I do not know by what affinity they are

held together, consequently do not know how long it can last. "Is it the wish of the constituency in general that the capital question shall take precidence over all others?"

"There is no permanent feeling or pref-erence. Partisans and politicians since-the convening of the legislature have been trying to create a feeling and that is just ssuming a political significance; owing othe action of the Republican members

of Oklahoma making everything subserv-ent to the capital question."
"What do you think induced the Peoe's party to coalesce with the Demo-"The People's party of Oklahoma, as-isswhere is led by the Democrats and the act that the Logan county was solid Re-publican one led to their coalition with the

the Republicans of Oklahoma ounty vote with their party on all ques-ions except the capital?"

"Judging the future by the past there is but one question that they will consider, that is the capital question. Their vote on any measure will be controlled by capital 'In the event of Oklahoma City finding

"I have not the faintest idea."
"Do you think if Hennessey was selected a preference to Kingfisher it would conlinte the Canadian county vote."
"Not the Republican part."
"What significance do you attach to the council vote of 7 to against the bill propose to put \$8,000 at the disposal of Governor teele for immediate distribution."
"I am at a loss to know whether it was stended as a personal insult to Governor."

"Will not the capital question, until de-ided, very seriously block the wheels of egislation?"

"I don't think it will prevent the passage of laws, but I do think it will affect the aws. I see by the papers that there is a coalition spoken of between the Kingfisher coalition spoken of between the Kingfisher and Logan county delegations. I wish to say it is a misnomer. Coalition implies a emporary union of different elements and for a temporary purpose. The only bond between the Kingfisher and Logan county delegation is that of the Republican party, on which ticket both delegations were elected, and as Republicans elected on a Republican ticket. they felt bound, as a matter of principle, to work together in the organization of both houses o the legislature, and to make all selfish questions subservient to the main question of giving to the people of Okinhoma a good code of laws and speedy relief so far as legislature could do it."

When Murshal Grimes took the office of with Assaul (rimes to a the onice of marshal he found affairs in a chaotic state. Only one of the three district courts had respectable quarters. Judge Scay was holding court in the back of a seed store, and a house what had been used for questhoushie purposes was rented by ex-Mar-shal Warren S. Lurty for court purposes in the Second judicial dis-trict. The government had made a liberal appropriation for all this, yet ex-Marshal Lerty returned to the Uni-

yet ex-Marshai Lerty returned to the United States treasurer 87,000.

The grand and petit jurors are now at court and many of them are destitute. The marshai has arranged so that they may draw portion of their salary at once. It will be some time before be can receive returns for his first requisition and this act deserves the commendation of the nublic.

The secretary of the territory has appointed the following notaries: A. D. Greene, Logan county; Irving R. Fuller, Oklahoma county; W. R. Taylor, Oklahoma county; D. C. Lewis, Oklahoma Hon. Dick Blue of Kansas, looked in banker in Abilene and is highly respected.

CASE BRODERICK, OF JACKSON, NOMINATED.

But One Ballot Necessary to Select the Candidate in the First.

Show a Republican Plurality of Eighteen Thousand,

Twelve State Representatives Gained by the Democrats-Indiana Republicans Nominate their Ticket and Adopt a Lengthy Platform - General Political Items.

HOLTON, Kan., Sept. 10.-The First con

Holton, Kan., Sept. 10.—The First congressional district convention met in this city today at 4 p. m. and organized by electing Hon. Matt Edmonds, of Jefferson county, chairman, and F. Brown, of Pottawatomie, secretary.

On the first ballot Case Broderick, of Jackson, received 32 votes, W. W. Guthrie, of Atchison, 11 votes, Ira F. Collins, of Nemaha, 8 votes and H. D. Rush, of Leavenworth, 9 votes, 31 being a majority. On motion of A. B. Keller, of Leavenworth, seconded by Mr. Mailey, of Nemaha, Mr. Broderick's nomination was made unanimous.

INDIANA REPUBLICANS. They Demand a Few Score of Things and

Name a Ticket.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 10.—At 10:18 Chairman Michener, of the state central committee, called the Republican state convention to order. Nearly all the 1,330 delegates were present. After the usual trouble in getting the delegations seated Dr. H. A. Cleveland, of the M. E. church, invoked a blessing.

Dr. H. A. Cleveland, of the M. E. church, invoked a blessing.

The committee on permanent organization reported the Hon. R. W. Thompson, ex-secretary of the navy, for chairman. Ex-Secretary Thompson was then introduced as chairman and was received with tumultuous applause. He said that fifty years ago he attended a convention in this city whose chief duty was to condemn the Democratic party for its policy of governocratic party for its policy of govern-

Democratic party for its policy of government. He said the history of the last fifty years had shown that the Democratic party was still incompetent to take charge of the government. He spoke for the better part of as hour, going into a history of the Republican and Democratic tariff interests. Mr. Thompson closed by a strong plea for absolute protection and indersed the present silver bill.

The platform was then reported. It endorses the administration of President Harrison and the conduct of Speaker Reed, condemns the Democratic doctrine of free trade, favors reciprocity, approves the pension legislation of the present congress, approves the silver bill, opposes convict labor and child labor, favors the Lodge bill, opposes alien ownership of land and demands laws to prevent food adulteration, demonses trusts and combinations. demands laws to prevent food adultera-tion; denonnees trusts and combinations; favoring reasonable river and harbor im-provements; endorses the administration of Governor Hovey; demands non-partisan control of state benevolent institutions; denounces the white cap outrages; de-mands local option and approves the origi-nal package bill; demands the election of United States senators by popular vote; demands public improvement boards for cities; demands the regulation of foreign cities; demands the regulation of foreign building associations; condemns the last "Do you think there is much feeling outside of Okinhoma and Logan counties with nartisans; denounces the Democratic platform for making charges against the state finances, opposes any increase in state taxation, condemns the legislative

state taxation, condemns the legislative gerrymandering.

The plank endorsing Harrison is as follows: We endorse the administration of Benjamin Harrison and the able states men selected as his co-laborers and advisors, as being wise, vigorous and patriotic. It has kept the pledges made to the people, has carefully guarded and zealously promoted their welfare and elevated the condition of the public service. We heartily approve the action of the Republicans in congress under the brilliant leadership of Thomas B. Reed. They have again proved that the Republican party can be relied upon to meet and solve great public ques-tions and have once more demonstrated

its capacity for intelligent and patriotic greated with prolonged applause. A resolution was adopted selecting the eagle as the emblem of the Republican party, to be used on the ballot provided for by the Australian ballot system.

A resolution adopted ordered the secretary of the convention to send a congrainlatory telegram to Thomas B. Reed, "formerly of Mains but now of the United

merly of Maine, but now of the United

Nominations for secretary of state were then called for.

Milton Trussler was nominated for secretary of state on the first ballot. I. N. Walker, of Marion county, was nominated for suditor on the first ballot.

George W. Pizley, of Allen county, was

ninated for treasurer on the sec For judge of the supreme court, R. W. McBride, James F. Fraser and D. H. Chase, of Cass county, were nominated. Fraser's nomination was withdrawn. R. W. Mc-Bride got 948 votes and Chase 372 votes, and McBride's nomination was made

John Lovett, of Madison county, was court by acclamation.

MASSACHUSETTS PROHIBS. WORCHESTER, Mass. Sept. 10.—The state Prohibition convention was summoned at 11 o'clock this morning. William Hamlin, of Amherst, was chosen chairman and the mmittees appointed.

usual committees appointed.

Dr. Blackmer was nominated for governor by acciamation. The ticket was completed as follows: Lieutenant governor, George Kempton secretary of state, George B. Crittende; attorney general, Wolcott Hamlin; treasurer and receiver, General William H. Gleason; anditor, Augustus R. Smith. The platform set forth that the Republican party embodies its temperances virtues in the president who gives bibuous ban-quets, the vice president who sets up altars to Bacchus on his own premises and the senate which refuses to banish king alcohol

from its end of the capitol and places the leading liquor sellers of the country on its important committees. KIRBY AND NICHOLSON.

MAINE'S APPROXIMATE FIGURES. Lewiston, Me., Sept. 10.—The Evening Journal has peturns from practically the whole state, footing up: Burleigh, 63,565. Thompson, 44,844; Clark, 2,845; scattering, 966. Republican plurality, 18,221. The remaining places voted in 1809; Republicans, 925; Democrats, 814; scattering, 166.

THE LEGISLATURE. THE LEGISLATURE.

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MICHIGAN DEMOCRATS. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 10.—The Democratic state convention was ralled to order this morning at 11 o'clock by Hou. H. N. Wood, temporary chairman. After the appointment of committees the convention adjourned until 2:30 p. m.

At the afternoon session E. B. Winans, of Hamburg, was nominated for governor. John Strong, of Monroe, was nominated for lieutenant governor. Frederick Brastaudt was nominated for treasurer.

INDIANA LABORITES. MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 10.—The un-ion labor party of the Fifth congressional district in this city yesterday nominated Major Dunbar, of Greencastle.

IN WISCONSIN'S SIXTH. KILBOURNE CITY, Wis., Sept. 10.—The Republicans of the Sixth congressional district yesterday renominated Hon. Charles B. Cook.

DEPEW AND CORRIGAN. They are Welcomed by Their Friends on Arrival at New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The White Star line steamer Tentonic came in winner to-day in her great ocean race with her rival of the Inman line, the City of New York. The Teutonic made the run between Da vitt's Rock lightship, Queenstown, and Sandy Hook light in five days, twenty hours and fifty-four minutes. The most noted passengers on the Teutonic were Archbishop Corrigan and Hou Chauncey

Archbishop Corrigan and Tol.

Depew.

At 5:30 this morning the largest crowd of ecclesiastics and prominent men that ever went down the bay left the Laura M. Starin to meet the Teutonic, which had Archbishop Corrigan on board. As the Sam Sloan, which had on board a party going to meet Chauncey M. Depew, steamed by Pier A, the Starin cast off her lines and both boats proceeded down the bay lines and both boats proceeded down the bay together. The first to reach the Teutonic was the Sionn and the Starin held back until she got away on the starboard side. until she got away on the starboard side. As Mr. Bepew appeared on the Sloan the crowd on the Starin gave three cheers for Mr. Bepew, which were answered by several gons from the Teutonic. Mr. Bepew stepped on the hurricane roof and made a short but very happy address to the church crowd and the Sloan gave way.

A mass of humanity clung around the rails of the Teutonic as the Laura Starin approached her. The first one seen on deck was Monsignor O'Connell, the archbishop's private secretary. He waved his

approached her. The first one seen on deck was Monsignor O'Connell, the archbishop's private secretary. He waved his hat and soon after the archbishop appeared. Three cheers were then given for his grace, Archbishop Corrigan, in which many aboard of the pride of the White Star line joined and were also answered by the steamer's guns.

Archbishop Corrigan then joined his party and the hand shaking began. He looked much healthier and stouter than when he left and he greeted his friends wood for all.

Among the first to welcome Mr. Depew when he stepped on the deck of the Sloan were General Manager J. M. Toncey and Mr. Webb, After shaking hands with his friends Mr. Depew was conducted below, where he and Third Vice President Webb had a private consultation. They were shortly joined by Frank Loomis, the counsel for the railroad company.

The lunch tables were then put in position and Mr. Loomis welcomed Mr. Depew home in a brief speech.

Upon the subject of the strike Mr. Loomis said: "Since you left us the New York Central road, which has been duly versided in conformance with the laws of

York Central road, which has

platform for making charges against the state and federal judiciary, favors free text books for all the public schools, opposes any interference with private or parochial schools, condemns the financial administration of the we have been asked to share in the ins-charge of our duties with people whose names do not appear in the list of stock-holders or representatives of the road, and we have refused. The New York Central road still runs, our president has returned road still runs, our president has returned and we are here today to unite in welcom-ing him and to drink the health of Chaun-cey Mitchell Depew." [Loud cheers]. Mr. Depew responded. He said: "Gen-tlemen—This welcome is the more gratify-ing because it is in a measure unexpected. About me are the largest rep-resentation of the organization of the New York Central road that during my presi-dency has been gathered in any one place.

resentation of the organization of the New York Central road that during my presidency has been gathered in any one place. I take it at a testimonial to the fact that the organization of the New York Central road is a unit in its policy and its actions. [Cheers.] I am not here to discuss the questions which have been so ably discussed by Mr. Loomis, but to say that my two months vacation, which were entered upon at the usual date, and from which I have returned at the usual date, left the management of the road in the hands of the duly accredited officers, whom the directory believed were fully competent to manage it in any difficulties that might arise, and they have demonstrated that that confidence has not been misplaced. [Cheers]. "I noticed that one of the newspapers that came to me seemed to be discussing my presidential chances. It said in effect that my hob-nobbing with aristocrats and nobility on the other side would hart me in the eyes of the democracy of the United States in my mind dency of the United States in my mind. in no utterance that I make is the presidency of the United States in my misd When I act as president of the Centra racd I act for the interest of that corpora

tion, without any regard whatever to my political chances or opportunities." At the conclusion of Mr. Depew's re-marks breakfast was served and before it was fininshed the Sloan arrived at the dock. Mr. Depew was immediately taken

nominated for attorney general by accia-mation. William T. Noble, of Wayne, was renominated for clerk of the supreme borers, sailors, and firemen at Southamp-Lownon, Sept. 10.—The striking dock in borers, sailors and firemen at Southamp ton still maintain a menacing attitude and the authorities fear that there may be further resisting. Notwithstanding that a large force of policemen from London and other places are at Southampton for the purpose of axing the local authorities, further detachments of troops have been summaned to assist in putting down any overt demonstrance that the mos of strikers may attempt. Today a large crowd gathered about the major's residence and made threatening demonstrations. The major telephoned for assistance and a number of soldiers were dispatched in cabs to disperse the crowd. ton still maintain a menacing attitude and

At 9 o'clock tonight the troops were obiged to make succession of bayonet charges in order to clear the streets. At this hour (midnight) the excitement has subsided. The infantry held all the approaches to the docks.

Washington, Sept. 10 —Mr. Dunnell, of Minnesota, chairman of the bouse com-mittee of the elevanth census, today intro-KERBY AND NICHOLSON.

ARILENE, Kan., Sept. 10.—A public reception was given Thomas Kirby, Democratic candidate for state treasurer, and M. B. Nicholson, candidate for chief justice. This evening a parade through the streets with transparencies, banners and music was participated in by the citizens regardless of party, and brief addresses were made. Mr. Kirby has long been a banker in Abliene and is highly respected.

Judge Nicholson is holding court here

A WOULD-BE KIDNAPER NEATLY TAKEN IN.

Revelation of a Scheme to Capture and Hold Children for Ransom.

Two Kansas Cityans Form an Audacious Plan to Increase Their Source of Revenue.

One of the Accomplices Weakens-Two Men Suspected of the Otterville Train Robbery Arrested An Assassination in the Territory Over Watermelons -Crime's Record.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 10—An andacious plan which contemplated the wholesale kidnaping of children was revealed today when the grand jury found a true bill for that offense against Henry C. Wilson, who keeps a feed and livery stable at 2857, East Eighteenth street. The plan was to kidnap the children of wealthy parents, conduct them to a secret place in some distant state and keep them there until their ransom should be paid.

Wilson took for an accomplice the coach-

some distant state and keep them there until their ransom should be paid.

Wilson took for an accomplice the coachman of Mrs Jeff, Dunlap, a weilthy widow living on McGee street. Mrs. Dunlap's 3-year-old boy was to have been the first victim. Then the 4-year-old son of James H. Arnold of 1019 East Fifth street, was to have been kidnaped. After these two had been ransomed others were to have been kidnaped.

The plan was all inid to kidnap the Dunlap boy when the coachman weak-ened and confessed his part in the confemplated crime to Mrs. Dunlap, who informed the police. When Wilson went to the vicinity of Mrs. Dunlap's residence last Saturday to carry out the first part of his pian an officer placed him under arrest. Today the grand jury indicted him.

CAUSED HIS CHILDREN'S DEATH. El. Paso, Tex., Sept. 10.—News has just reached here of a horrible accident which occurred ten miles below Paso del Norte, Mexico, Sunday last. An Indian living some miles down the river left home on business Saturday evening, but before leaving he put his two children, a girl and hor between the arm of and A and A warr. leaving he put his two children, a girl and a boy, between the age of 4 and 5 years, in a large box and nailed down the lid to prevent the children from getting into the orchard and eating the fruit during his absence. The father did not return home until Sunday evening, and on opening the box he found the boy lying dead in the bottom and the girl in a dying condition. The suffocating doseness of their prison, combined with hunger and thirst, had done its work. Frightened over the result of his brutal carelessness the father endeavored to exonerate himself by concecting several inconsistent stories, but was quickly arrested by the authorities. It was the intention of the Indian to return to the children Saturday night, but turn to the children Saturday night, but he was delayed.

FOUND HANGING TO A TREE. Et. Paso, Tex., Sept. 19.—A stockman from Fort Hancock states that on Monday evening the body of a young man was found hanging to a tree on the bank of the old Rio Grande bed mear Fort Hancock. The cychalls of the dead man had rolled mpany.

from their sockets, bursted and dried up, received Mr. Despeech.

of the strike Mr. feet touched the ground sufficiently to you left us the New white man five feet eight inches in height. The clothes are of coarse material and show but little wear. The indications are that the body has been there two or three weeks. About that time a young man corresponding identically with the description of the body was seen to pass through this town on foot, and while here he purchased a piece of rope twelve or fitnen feet long. The body his been left as found, awaiting the arrival of the corroser from awaiting the arrival of the coroner from

SUSPECTED OF THE TRAIN ROBBERY. Tipros, Mo., Sept. 10.—Two men thought to be the Otterville train roboers were ar to be the Otterville train roboers were ar-rested here yesterday. They claim to be brothers and gave their names as William and Louis Hamilton, and their home as Camelen country. People from Otterville say they had seen the men near that place shortly after the robbery. They answer the description of the robbers and will be held to await developments.

A CONVICT ATTEMPTS SUICIDE. A CONVICT ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

JOLIET, Ill., Sept. 10.—Tom. Harris, a three year convict in the penitentiary, sentenced for burglary, hanged himself to a ber in his cell thour yesterday, but was found before Ilfe was extinct. On his pillow in the cell was found a confession that he was the murderer of the McLoombs family in Minnesota a few years ago. Harris is only 16 years old.

perial dispatch to the Daily Engle.
ANTHONY, Kan., Sept. 10.—Last Monday the directors of the First National bank elected O. F. Casteen cashler of the bank by a unanimous vote. He has been their has had the piace offered him three times before, but could not accept on account of other engagements. His term as county treasurer expires in about a mouth, when receiver for the Farmers' Loan and Trust company, and has charge of the western company, and has large to the waters office. So he is financially better off than if he had been nominated state treasurer. This is a complete refutation of the charges made against him by the ringsters at Torocks.

imade against him by the ringsters at Topeka.

The city schools opened last Mooday with an increased attendance, it was found necessary to engage another teacher and open a new room for this year.

The farmers of Harper county are busy plowing, and the next wheat crop will be a big one. Mrs. Lease will have no more foundation for mortgage takes in the future.

The Democrats returned today from the convention, big with predictions of Robinson's election by disaffected Republicans. Peaches and meions are plentiful, and Harper country people are living high.

Business seems to be reviving, and a good fall trade is predicted. The Easter continues to be the boss of birds around here.

KILLED BY USING CHLOROFORM. CINCINSATI, O., Sept. 16.-A singular state of affairs was discovered here yesterstate of affairs was discovered here yester-day evening in the house of Frank A. Dickinson, by a heighbor woman. Exter-ing their room she found Mra. Dickinson on a lounge barely conscious, her mouth and nose in a rup containing a cloth satu-rated with chloroform. On a ted lay Mr. Dickinson in a similar position, but he was dead. It was developed that there was no effort at suicide bert that these people had been in the habit of using chloroform for some time to relieve neuralgia and to pro-mote sleep.

WASHINGTON'S POSTMASTER. Washington, Sept. 10.—The president today nominated Henry Sherwood to be postmaster at Washington, D. C., vice